

**DAV PUBLIC SCHOOLS, BHUBANESWAR**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION, 2021-22**

**CLASS-VI**

**SUBJECT- SOCIAL SCIENCE (OBJECTIVE)**

**Time- 40 mins**

**Maximum Marks: 40**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. There are 40 questions in all.**
- 2. All questions are compulsory.**
- 3. Each question carries 1 mark.**
- 4. Choose the most appropriate answer from the given options for each question.**

**Fill in the blanks ( Q. No.s 1 to 7)**

1. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a layout of a very small area such as a building, a factory etc. drawn on a comparatively large scale and also shows the directions.
  - a. map
  - b. sketch
  - c. plan
  - d. scale
2. The Mediterranean Sea lies to \_\_\_\_\_ of Europe.
  - a. north
  - b. south
  - c. east
  - d. west
3. The Satavahana ruler VasishthiputraPulamavi set up his capital at \_\_\_\_\_ in Maharashtra.
  - a. Vanchi
  - b. Pratihthana
  - c. Kaveripattam
  - d. Tanjore
4. The Chinese traveller , \_\_\_\_\_ came to India during Harsha's rule.
  - a. Menander
  - b. Haliodorus
  - c. Hiuen-Tsang
  - d. Fa-hein
5. \_\_\_\_\_ means all the citizens of India, who are 18 years of age and above are eligible to cast their vote without discrimination of any type.
  - a. Preamble
  - b. Liberty
  - c. Universal Adult Franchise
  - d. Equality
6. A \_\_\_\_\_ takes care of the administrative work of the Panchayat Samiti.

- a. Panchayat secretary
- b. Sub - divisional officer
- c. Block development officer
- d. District officer

7. Municipal Councils or Nagar Parishad for cities with population \_\_\_\_\_

- a. More than 10 lakhs
- b. 20,000 to 10 lakhs
- c. 10,000 to 20,000
- d. Less than 10,000

**True and False ( Q. No 8 to 14)**

8. Southern ocean occupies about 20 percent of the surface area of the global ocean.

- a. True
- b. False

9. The Himalayas provide the whole of northern India warm climatic conditions.

- a. True
- b. False

10. Harsha used to organise a conference at Prayaga, Allahabad in every five years.

- a. True
- b. False

11. The Zoroastrians temple is known as Synagogue.

- a. True
- b. False

12. Nagaram was an local assembly of merchants under Pallava's rule.

- a. True
- b. False

13. The Gram Panchayat operates at the block level of the Panchayati Raj System.

- a. True
- b. False

14. A Municipal Corporation is also known as Nagar Palika .

- a. True
- b. False

**Substitute the given statements with one word ( Q. No.s 15 to 20)**

15. An upland with a rugged steep surface and flat top.

- a. Mountain

- b. Plateau
- c. Plain
- d. Peak

16. A low lying triangular shape land where a major river splits into several channels.

- a. Duns
- b. Sangam
- c. Delta
- d. Coast

17. The region to the south of Vindhya mountain and Narmada river.

- a. Pataliputra
- b. Dakshinapatha
- c. Carnatic
- d. Madurai

18. The country to which the Kushans originally belonged.

- a. China
- b. Greece
- c. India
- d. Afghanistan

19. It is the apex local self body of Panchayati Raj system.





- a. Zila Parishad
- b. Nagar Nigam
- c. Gram Panchayat
- d. Nagar Panchayat

20. He/ She maintain law and order in the district.

- a. Tehsildar
- b. District Magistrate
- c. Zila Parishad Secretary
- d. Mayor

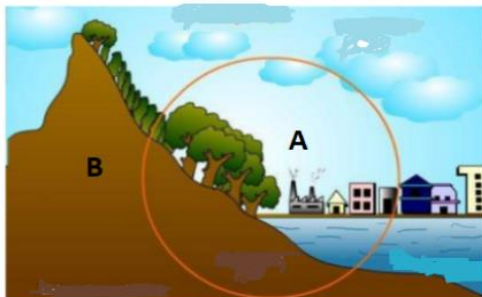
**Choose the most appropriate option for Q. No.s 21 to 36**

21. Identify and choose the correct sequence of conventional symbols A-B-C-D shown in the given image:

A	
B	
C	
D	

- a. Metalled road - Church - River - Railway line
- b. State boundary - Mosque - River - Metalled road.
- c. Non metalled road - Temple - River – Bridge
- d. Non metalled road - Temple - River - Railway line

22. Observe the given image and identify the two spheres of the earth mentioned as A and B.



- a. A- Lithosphere      B – Atmosphere
- b. A- Lithosphere      B – Biosphere
- c. A- Biosphere        B – Lithosphere
- d. A - Biosphere        B – Hydrosphere

23. If you plan to visit the countries of Argentina and Chile this summer, which continent will you land ?

- a. North America
- b. South America
- c. Asia
- d. Europe

24. Read the following statements carefully about the climate of India:

- I. Climate of India is described as tropical monsoon type.
- II. North India experiences extreme climate with hot summers and cold winters.
- III. The coastal areas have moderate climate as the ocean modifies the temperatures.
- IV. The north- east states experience heavy rainfall between June to September.

Choose the correct statement (s):

- a. Only I and II

- b. Only I and III
- c. I, II and III
- d. I, II, III and IV

25. Consider the following:

Assertion (A): There are variety of plants and animals on different parts of the earth.

Reason (R): The physical conditions such as landforms, relief, climate etc. varies from place to place on the earth.

Read the above statements carefully and choose the correct option.

- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is true but R is false.
- d. A is false but R is true.

26. Consider the following:

Assertion (A): In the Himalayan mountains the vegetation changes according to the altitude.

Reason (R): In the mountains the temperature and rainfall decreases with height.

Read the above statements carefully and choose the correct option.

- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is true but R is false.
- d. A is false but R is true.

27. Find out the incorrect match.

Banabhatta : Harshacharita

Saka era : National Era

Chaitya : Monastery

God Murugan : Kartikeya

28. Identify the first person who proved that the earth moves around the Sun on its axis and not vice-versa.

- a. Harisena
- b. Nagarjuna
- c. Charak
- d. Aryabhatta

29. According to Jain traditions, there were 24 Tirthankars. Identify the twenty -third tirthankar among the following.

- a. Vardhaman Mahavir
- b. Parshva Nath
- c. Hemchandra
- d. Rishbh Dev

30. Democratic way of life demands that-

- a. Firm stand and rigidity
- b. Harmony can be brought through Coersion.
- c. Opinion of Minority should be respected.
- d. Majority and minority both should stick to their stands.

31. The best example of direct democracy in India is-

- a. Zila Parishad
- b. Gram Panchayat
- c. Gram Sabha
- d. Panchayat Samiti

32. Choose among the following Constitutional Amendment Act that provided three types of Urban local bodies.

- a. Seventy Sixth Amendment Act of 1992
- b. Seventy Four Amendment Act of 1991
- c. Seventy Four Amendment Act of 1992
- d. Seventy Sixth Amendment Act of 1991

33. The Chief Executive Officer of a Municipal Corporation is called-

- a. Mayor
- b. Municipal Commissioner
- c. Deputy Mayor
- d. Municipal Councillor

34. Consider the following :

Assertion (A) : The most famous temples , Papanatha Temple and Virupaksha Temple built by the Chalukya rulers.

Reason (R) : A Painting of Pulakeshin II, receiving the ambassador of Iran, can be seen in the caves of Ajanta (Maharashtra)

Read the above statements carefully and choose the correct option.

- a. Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b. Both A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is correct but R is incorrect.
- d. A is incorrect but R is correct.

35. Consider the following :

Assertion (A) : Mahavir suggested three ways to attain Moksha. These are known as Triratna or Three Jewels.

Reason (R) : These are i) Right faith ii) Right action and iii) Right Knowledge.

Read the above statements carefully and choose the correct option.

- a. Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.

- b. Both A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is correct but R is incorrect.
- d. A is incorrect but R is correct.

36. Consider the following :

Assertion (A) : Nyaya Panchayat is a form of village court which helps the people to get speedy and inexpensive justice.

Reason (R) : It hears and decides only civil and criminal cases of minor nature like trespassing , minor thefts , water disputes, etc.

Read the above statements carefully and choose the correct option.

- a. Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b. Both A and R are correct and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is incorrect but R is correct.
- d. A is correct but R is incorrect.

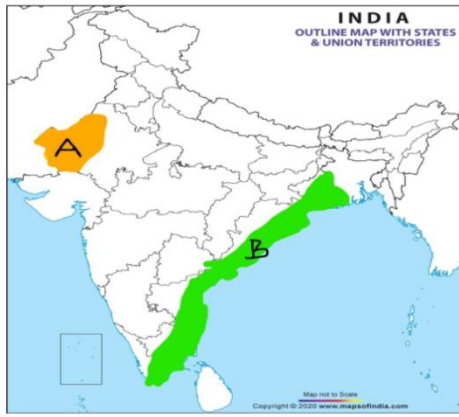
37. Identify the neighbouring countries of India marked as A and B in the map given below:



Choose the correct option for question no. 37

- I. A- Bhutan : B- Nepal
- II. A- Bhutan : B- Bangladesh
- III. A- Nepal : B- Bhutan
- IV. A- Nepal : B- Bangladesh

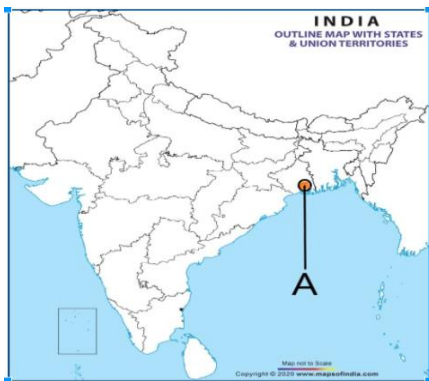
38. Identify the physical features of India marked as A and B in the map given below :



Choose the correct option for question no. 38

- I. A- Thar Desert : B- Northern Plains
- II. A- Thar Desert : B- Eastern Coastal Plain
- III. A- Deccan Plateau : B- Western coastal Plain
- IV. A- Deccan Plateau : B- Himalayan Mountains

39. Identify the the place located in the given map of India .

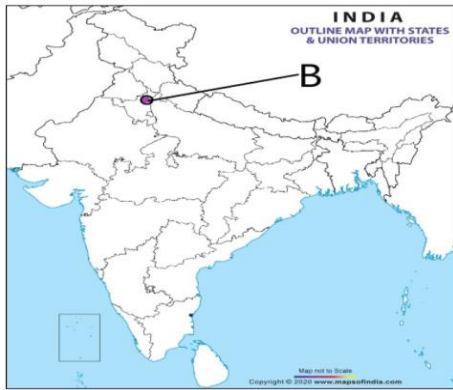


Observe the above map ( Qns no. 39) and identify the place located . It was a famous port for foreign trade in ancient India.

- a. Pataliputra
- b. Tamralipti
- c. Varanasi
- d. Nalanda

40. Identify the place located in the given map of India .





Observe the above map( Qns no. 40) and identify the place located . At this place Harshavardhana was crowned as king in 606 CE.

- a. Nalanda
- b. Kanauj
- c. Mathura
- d. Thaneswar

**DAV PUBLIC SCHOOLS, BHUBANESWAR**

**TERM-I EXAMINATION, 2021-22**

**CLASS-VI**

**SUBJECT- SOCIAL SCIENCE (SUBJECTIVE)**

**Time- 1hr 30 mins**

**Maximum Marks: 40**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. There are 17 questions in all.**
- 2. All questions are compulsory.**
- 3. Section A consists of 11 questions ( Q. No.s 1 to 11) .Each question carries 2 marks .Write answers within 30- 40 words for each question.**
- 4. Section B consists of 6 questions (Q.NO.S 12 to 17). Each question carries 3 Marks. Write answers within 60 - 80 words for each question**

**SECTION-A**

- 1. Define map. Write any one advantage of map over globe.  
(1+1=2)**
- 2. Mention one importance each of nitrogen gas and carbon dioxide gas for making our earth habitable. (2)**
- 3. Explain the formation of Great Northern plains of India.  
(Any two) (2)**
- 4. Describe any two features of advancing monsoon in India.  
(2)**
- 5. Give any one example of cave architecture during the period of Satavahana dynasty . Mention any one step taken by the Satavahana rulers to encourage internal and external trade.  
(1+1=2)**
- 6. "Kanishka supported Buddhism whole heartedly". Justify the statement by giving suitable points. (Any two) (2)**

7. Analyze the religious beliefs of Nayannars and Alvars under the Pallavas rule. (1+1=2)
8. Write any two features of Angkorvat's Vishnu temple in Cambodia. (2)
9. "Democracy is just not a form of government but is a way of life" . Support the statement by giving any two relevant points . (2)
10. Mention any two sources of income of Zila Parishad. (2)
11. List some problems being faced by the big cities these days.(Any two) (2)

### SECTION-B

12. Write in details about the three parallel ranges of Himalayan mountains. (3)
13. Give one word to describe the given image. Suggest any two ways to stop this process. (1+2=3)
14. List any three poet's contribution to the field of language & literature during the Gupta Period. (1+1+1=3)
15. Mention the importance of Easter is being celebrated by the Christians every year. Narrate any two teachings of Jesus Christ. (1+2=3)
16. Distinguish between a Gram Sabha and Gram Panchayat. (Three differences each) (1.5 + 1.5=3)
17. Describe any three functions of Municipal corporation. (1+1+1=3)