

- (c) Low status of women (d) Child marriage
8. All parties other than the ruling party is called as (1)
 (a) Opposition (b) Representative
 (c) Community (d) All of the above
9. What is a Preamble? (1)
 (a) An introduction to the constitution
 (b) A Literacy programme mentioned in the constitution
 (c) A set of rules that are mentioned in the constitution
 (d) None of the above
10. Which one among the following is an example of Print Media? (1)
 (a) Radio (b) Newspaper
 (c) Television (d) Computer
11. Define biosphere. Explain how human beings are disturbing it. (1+2)
12. What is glacier? Explain how do glaciers work as an agents of gradation.
13. Rocks are changing from one form to another with the help of rock cycle.
 Justify the statement. (3)
14. Explain in detail the interior of the earth. (3)
15. Give examples to highlight how meanings of words and terms have changed with time. (3)
16. What do you understand by the tripartite struggle? What was its result? (3)
17. What was the dream of Muhammad Ghori? How did he achieve it? What values were displayed by Muhammad Ghori while conquering India? (1+1+1=3)
18. Raju is a 10 year old boy who picks up rags from the garbage. He works from 4 o'clock in the morning to late in the evening. He wants to go to school, laugh and playlike other children but he is always working.
 Read the above passage and answer the following questions (2+1=3)
 (i) Which basic values of the constitution are violated here?
 (ii) Suggest some measures to overcome this condition in the society.
19. "The chief minister is the most important functionary of the state government." Explain. (3)
20. Describe the division of powers between the Central government and the State government. Which government is more powerful and why? (1+1+1=3)
21. "In Electronic media, Television is very important." Support your answer with three reasons.
22. What is soil? Explain soil horizon with the help of a neat and label ^{led} diagram. (2+3)
 OR
 How many soil categories are found in India? Write their names.
 Explain any four features of the soil which is present over a large part of India. (2+3)
23. What is ocean current? Explain any four significance of ocean current. (1+4)
 OR
 What is tide? How are tides caused? Explain any three significance of tides. (2+3)
24. Describe the various achievements of Pratihara Dynasty. (5)
 OR
 Describe the socio-economic conditions of Northern India during Medieval period
25. "Muhammad Tughlaq was a mixture of opposites." Explain with examples. (5)
 OR
 "Ala-Ud-din-Khalji was a brave general and a skilled administrator." Explain

26. "Religion played an important part in the life of people in South India." Explain (5)

OR

"The temples of South India were not only the place of worship but also an important centre of culture and education." Justify the statement.

27. Describe the main provisions of the Right to Equality. Does every one enjoy equality in all spheres of life? If no, why? (5)

OR

Describe elaborately the various steps undertaken by the government for the benefit of the weaker section of the society. Suggest a step to make this programme successful. (4+1)

28. Describe the powers of the Governor of a state. (5)

OR

Describe the composition of the State Legislative Assembly.

29. Explain the relation between Media and Democracy. (3+1=5)

OR

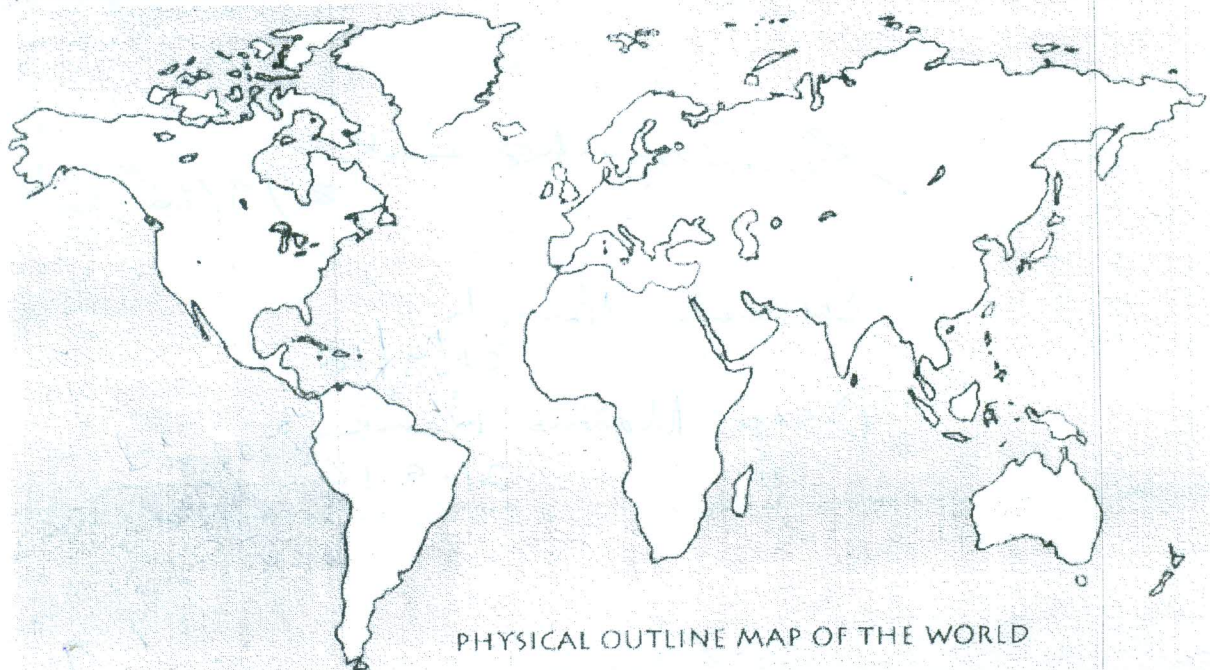
What is Right to Information Act of 2005? Why do you think it is important?

30. On given out line map of India locate and label the following: (3)

- (a) Delhi (b) Devgiri (c) Gujrat

31. In the given outline map of the world locate and label the following

- a) Brazil Current
- b) Gulf Stream
- c) Alaska Current
- d) Kuroshio Current



For questions No. 30

HISTORY

Examination Roll No.

INDIA

AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES

भारत

तथा पड़ोसी देश

